No value restriction is needed for algebraic effects and handlers

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Value restriction

Identity crisis

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\textbf{let } id1 = (\textbf{fun } x \to x) \textbf{ in} & (* \ id1 \ : \ \forall\alpha.\ \alpha \to \ \alpha & *) \\
\textbf{let } id2 = id1(id1) \quad \textbf{in} & (* \ id2 \ : \quad \_\alpha \to \_\alpha & *) \\
\quad id2(id2) & (* \ \texttt{TYPE ERROR: The type} & \\
 & \quad \texttt{variable } \_\alpha \texttt{ occurs} & \\
 & \quad \texttt{inside } \_\alpha \to \_\alpha & *)
\end{array}
$$

Reason

Unrestricted, would type

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\textbf{let } r = \textbf{ref } [\,] \textbf{ in} & (* \ r \ : \ \forall\alpha.\alpha \text{ list ref} \quad *) \\
\quad r \ := \ [true]; & (* \ \texttt{specialise } \alpha := \text{bool} \ *) \\
\quad 0 :: !r & (* \ \texttt{specialise } \alpha := \text{int} \ *)
\end{array}
$$

as int list

Some history

Three crucial ingredients

- Computational effects
- Polymorphism
- Call-by-value

Some history

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Moggi ['89] λ_c-calculus

Some history

Three crucial ingredients

- Polymorphism
- Call-by-value

Hindley ['69]-Milner ['78]-Damas ['85]

Some history

Three crucial ingredients

- Computational effects
- Polymorphism

Leroy ['93], and recently Haskell:

- **let** : **poly**morphic call-by-**name**
- $\gg=$: **mono**morphic call-by-**value**

Goals

Combine:

- Computational **algebraic** effects
- Polymorphism
- Call-by-value

in a sound, unrestricted, Hindley-Milner type system.

Contribution

Extend Pretnar's ['15] core calculus of effect handlers with:

1. Standard Hindley-Milner polymorphism
   type variables, type schemes, let-generalization
   (no value restriction)
2. Polymorphic type soundness (in Twelf)
3. Robustness evidence
   effect annotations, subtyping, shallow handlers.
4. Comparison with ref cells.
5. Comparison with dynamically scoped cells.
6. Sound denotational model.

For 1–5, see draft: `http://arxiv.org/abs/1605.06938`

Algebraic effects and handlers

Algebraic effect operations

- get : unit $\to$ int
- set : int $\to$ unit

$$\textbf{let } \mathit{inc} = \textbf{fun } \_ \to \mathrm{set}(1 + \mathrm{get}()) \textbf{ in } \ldots$$

generally:

- op : $P \to A$

Effect handlers

$$H := \textbf{handler } \{\mathrm{get}(\_; k) \mapsto k(5) \quad \mathrm{set}(s; k) \mapsto k()\}$$

$$\textbf{with } H \textbf{ handle } \mathit{inc}(); \; \mathit{inc}(); \; \mathrm{get}() \rightsquigarrow^* 5$$

Simulating global state locally

Real state

$$H_{ST} := \textbf{handler}\ \{ \quad x \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ \_ \to x$$
$$\mathrm{get}(\_; k) \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ s \to k\ s\ s$$
$$\mathrm{set}(s'; k) \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ \_ \to k\ ()\ s'\}$$

Syntactic sugar:

$$\langle c, s\rangle := (\textbf{with}\ H_{ST}\ \textbf{handle}\ c)\ s$$

Define:

$$\langle \mathrm{get}(), s\rangle \overset{st}{\rightsquigarrow} \langle s, s\rangle \qquad \langle \mathrm{set}(s'), s\rangle \overset{st}{\rightsquigarrow} \langle (), s'\rangle$$

$$\frac{\langle c_1, s\rangle \overset{st}{\rightsquigarrow} \langle c_1', s'\rangle}{\langle \textbf{let}\ x = c_1\ \textbf{in}\ c_2, s\rangle \overset{st}{\rightsquigarrow} \langle \textbf{let}\ x = c_1'\ \textbf{in}\ c_2, s'\rangle} \qquad \ldots$$

Then:

$$\frac{\langle c_1, s\rangle \overset{st}{\rightsquigarrow} \langle c_1', s'\rangle}{\langle c_1, s\rangle \rightsquigarrow^{+} \langle c_1', s'\rangle}$$

Handlers (ctd.)

Handlers summary

- Control effect that expresses real effects
- Generalise exception handlers

Other perspectives

- Folds over free monads
- A variant of monadic reflection [Filinski'94,96,99,10]
- Structured delimited control
  Bauer's thesis:

$$\frac{\text{handlers}}{\text{delimited control}} = \frac{\text{while loops}}{\text{goto}}$$

Hindley-Milner type system

Just add schemes

- Extend types with type variables: α
- Add type schemes: $\forall \alpha_1 \cdots \alpha_n . A$
- Add type generalisation:

$$\frac{\alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n, \beta_1, \ldots, \beta_m; \Gamma \vdash c : A \,!\, \Sigma \qquad \alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n \vdash \Gamma, \Sigma}{\alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n; \Gamma \vdash c : (\forall \beta_1 \cdots \beta_m . A) \,!\, \Sigma} (\textsc{Gen})$$

E.g.:

$$\begin{aligned} H_{ST} := \textbf{handler}\ \{ \quad & x \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ \_ \to x \\ & \mathsf{get}(\_; k) \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ s \to k\ s\ s \\ & \mathsf{set}(s'; k) \mapsto \textbf{fun}\ \_ \to k\ ()\ s' \} \end{aligned}$$

$$H_{ST} : \forall \alpha, \beta . \alpha \,!\, \{\mathsf{get} : \mathsf{unit} \to \beta, \mathsf{set} : \beta \to \mathsf{unit}\} \Rightarrow (\beta \to \alpha \,!\, \emptyset) \,!\, \emptyset$$

Safety

Theorem

If $\vdash c : A \,!\, \Sigma$ *holds, then either:*

(i) $c \rightsquigarrow c'$ *for some* $\vdash c' : A \,!\, \Sigma$;

(ii) $c = v$ *for some* $\vdash v : A$; *or*

(iii) $c = \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, c')$ *for some* $(\mathsf{op} : A_{\mathsf{op}} \to B_{\mathsf{op}}) \in \Sigma$, $\vdash v : A_{\mathsf{op}}$, *and* $y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash c' : A \,!\, \Sigma$.

In particular, when $\Sigma = \emptyset$, *evaluation will not get stuck before returning a value.*

Proof

Formalised in Twelf[1]. □

Robust under calculus variations:
effect annotations, subtyping and instances, shallow handlers.

[1] https://github.com/matijapretnar/twelf-eff/tree/val-restriction-local-sig

Evaluation, following Leroy's thesis

Feature interaction

$$\begin{array}{l}\textbf{let}\ \mathrm{imp\_map} = \textbf{fun}\ f\ xs \rightarrow \\ \quad \textbf{with}\ H_{ST}\ \textbf{handle}\ (\textbf{foldl}\ \ (\textbf{fun}\ x \rightarrow \mathsf{set}(f\ x :: \mathsf{get}\ ())\ ()\ xs; \\ \qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad \mathrm{reverse}(\mathsf{get}\ ())) \\ \quad [\,]\ (*\ \text{initial state}\ *)\ \textbf{in}\ \ldots\end{array}$$

$$\mathrm{imp\_map} : \forall\alpha\beta.(\alpha \rightarrow \beta\,!\,\Sigma) \rightarrow (\alpha\ \mathsf{list} \rightarrow \beta\ \mathsf{list}\,!\,\Sigma)\,!\,\emptyset$$

for any Σ.

Unrestricted polymorphism

$$\textbf{let}\ id = (\textbf{fun}\ f \rightarrow f)(\textbf{fun}\ x \rightarrow x)\ \textbf{in}\ \ldots$$

$$id : \forall\alpha(\alpha \rightarrow \alpha\,!\,\emptyset)$$

Reference cells

We believe they are not expressible.

H_{ST} simulates dynamically scoped state.

Denotational soundness

- **Relativise** Seely's System F fibrational models: **[Altenkirch et al.'14, Ulmer'68]**

$$J : \text{Types} \to \text{Schemes}$$

$$\text{Weakening} \dashv_J \forall\vec{\alpha} : \text{Types} \to \text{Schemes}$$

$$\frac{W\Gamma \longrightarrow JA}{\Gamma \longrightarrow \forall\vec{\alpha}A}$$

- Postulate a universal set $\mathcal{U} \neq \emptyset$
- Construct a relational set-theoretic model [Harper and Mitchell'93]
- Define a free fibred monad $T_{\vec{\alpha}}$

Theorem

The canonical morphism $T_{\vec{\alpha}}\forall\vec{\beta}.\tau \to \forall\vec{\beta}.T_{\vec{\alpha}\times\vec{\beta}}\tau$ *is invertible.*

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Conclusion

Takeaway message

- Reach beyond the value restriction
- New perspectives via algebraic effects
- Redrawn the boundary of safe polymorphism

Further work

- Reference cells
- Delimited control
- Algorithmic concerns: inference, principal types
- Usability: effect polymorphism

Untyped Eff

Syntax

value	$v ::=$	x	variable
	$\mid$	**true** $\mid$ **false**	boolean constants
	$\mid$	**fun** $x \to c$	function
	$\mid$	h	handler
handler	$h ::=$	**handler** $\{ x \mapsto c_r,$ $\mathrm{op}_1(x; k) \mapsto c_1, \ldots, \mathrm{op}_n(x; k) \mapsto c_n \}$	return clause operation clauses
computation	$c ::=$	v	return
	$\mid$	**let** $x = c_1$ **in** c_2	sequencing
	$\mid$	$\mathrm{op}(v; y.\, c)$	operation call
	$\mid$	**if** v **then** c_1 **else** c_2	conditional
	$\mid$	$v_1\ v_2$	application
	$\mid$	**with** v **handle** c	handling

Semantics (part 1)

$$\frac{c_1 \rightsquigarrow c_1'}{\textbf{let } x = c_1 \textbf{ in } c_2 \rightsquigarrow \textbf{let } x = c_1' \textbf{ in } c_2}$$

$$\frac{}{\textbf{let } x = v \textbf{ in } c \rightsquigarrow c[v/x]} \qquad \frac{}{\textbf{if true then } c_1 \textbf{ else } c_2 \rightsquigarrow c_1}$$

$$\frac{}{\textbf{if false then } c_1 \textbf{ else } c_2 \rightsquigarrow c_2} \qquad \frac{}{(\textbf{fun } x \to c)\, v \rightsquigarrow c[v/x]}$$

$$\frac{}{\textbf{let } x = \mathrm{op}(v; y.\, c_1) \textbf{ in } c_2 \rightsquigarrow \mathrm{op}(v; y.\, \textbf{let } x = c_1 \textbf{ in } c_2)}\,(\textsc{do-op})$$

Semantics (part 2)

For every
$h = \textbf{handler}\ \{x \mapsto c_r, \mathrm{op}_1(x; k) \mapsto c_1, \ldots, \mathrm{op}_n(x; k) \mapsto c_n\}$, define:

$$\frac{c \rightsquigarrow c'}{\textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ c \rightsquigarrow \textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ c'}$$

$$\frac{}{\textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ (v) \rightsquigarrow c_r[v/x]}$$

$$\frac{(1 \leq i \leq n)}{\textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ \mathrm{op}_i(v; y.\, c) \rightsquigarrow c_i[v/x, (\textbf{fun}\ y \to \textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ c)/k]}$$

$$\frac{(\mathrm{op} \notin \{\mathrm{op}_1, \ldots, \mathrm{op}_n\})}{\textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ \mathrm{op}(v; y.\, c) \rightsquigarrow \mathrm{op}(v; y.\, \textbf{with}\ h\ \textbf{handle}\ c)}$$

Eff types and effects

Types

value type	A, B	$::= \alpha$	type variable
		$\mid$ bool	boolean type
		$\mid A \to \underline{C}$	function type
		$\mid \underline{C} \Rightarrow \underline{D}$	handler type
computation type	$\underline{C}, \underline{D}$	$::= A \,!\, \Sigma$	
scheme		$\forall \vec{\alpha}.A$	
effect signatures	Σ	$::= \{\mathsf{op}_1 : A_1 \to B_1, \ldots, \mathsf{op}_n : A_n \to B_n\}$	

Kind system

Well-formed value types:

$$\frac{\alpha \in \Theta}{\Theta \vdash \alpha} \qquad \frac{}{\Theta \vdash \mathsf{bool}} \qquad \frac{\Theta \vdash A \qquad \Theta \vdash \underline{C}}{\Theta \vdash A \to \underline{C}} \qquad \frac{\Theta \vdash C \qquad \Theta \vdash \underline{D}}{\Theta \vdash \underline{C} \Rightarrow \underline{D}}$$

Well-formed effect signatures, schemes, and computation types:

$$\frac{[\Theta \vdash A_i \qquad \Theta \vdash B_i]_{1 \leq i \leq n}}{\Theta \vdash \{\mathsf{op}_1 : A_1 \to B_1, \ldots, \mathsf{op}_n : A_n \to B_n\}} \qquad \frac{\Theta, \vec{\alpha} \vdash A}{\Theta \vdash \forall \vec{\alpha}.A}$$

$$\frac{\Theta \vdash A \qquad \Theta \vdash \Sigma}{\Theta \vdash A \,!\, \Sigma}$$

Well-formed polymorphic and monomorphic contexts:

$$\frac{[\Theta \vdash \forall \vec{\alpha}.A]_{(x : \forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \in \Xi}}{\Theta \vdash \Xi} \qquad \frac{[\Theta \vdash A]_{(x:A) \in \Gamma}}{\Theta \vdash \Gamma}$$

Type and effect system (part 1)

Value judgements $\boxed{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : A}$**, assuming** $\Theta \vdash \Xi, \Gamma, A$**:**

$$\frac{(x : A) \in \Gamma}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash x : A} \qquad \frac{(x : \forall \vec{\alpha}.B) \in \Xi \qquad [\Theta \vdash A_i]_{1 \leq i \leq |\vec{\alpha}|}}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash x : B[A_i/\alpha_i]_{1 \leq i \leq |\vec{\alpha}|}}$$

$$\frac{}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{true} : \mathsf{bool}} \qquad \frac{}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{false} : \mathsf{bool}}$$

$$\frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma, x : A \vdash c : \underline{C}}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{fun}\ x \to c : A \to \underline{C}}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c}\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma, x : A \vdash c_r : B \,!\, \Sigma' \\ \left[(\mathsf{op}_i : A_i \to B_i) \in \Sigma \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma, x : A_i, k : B_i \to B \,!\, \Sigma' \vdash c_i : B \,!\, \Sigma'\right]_{1 \leq i \leq n} \\ \Sigma \setminus \{\mathsf{op}_i \mid 1 \leq i \leq n\} \subseteq \Sigma'\end{array}}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{handler}\ \{x \mapsto c_r, \mathsf{op}_1(x; k) \mapsto c_1, \ldots, \mathsf{op}_n(x; k) \mapsto c_n\} : A \,!\, \Sigma \Rightarrow B \,!\, \Sigma'}$$

Type and effect system (part 2)

Computation judgements $\boxed{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c : A \,!\, \Sigma}$**, assuming** $\Theta \vdash \Xi, \Gamma, A$**:**

$$\frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : A}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : A \,!\, \Sigma} \qquad \frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c_1 : (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \,!\, \Sigma \qquad \Theta; \Xi, x : \forall \vec{\alpha}.A; \Gamma \vdash c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \textbf{let } x = c_1 \textbf{ in } c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma}$$

$$\frac{(\mathsf{op} : A_{\mathsf{op}} \to B_{\mathsf{op}}) \in \Sigma \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : A_{\mathsf{op}} \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma, y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash c : A \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, c) : A \,!\, \Sigma}$$

$$\frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : \mathsf{bool} \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c_1 : \underline{C} \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c_2 : \underline{C}}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \textbf{if } v \textbf{ then } c_1 \textbf{ else } c_2 : \underline{C}}$$

$$\frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v_1 : A \to \underline{C} \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v_2 : A}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v_1\ v_2 : \underline{C}} \qquad \frac{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash v : \underline{C} \Rightarrow \underline{D} \qquad \Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c : \underline{C}}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash \textbf{with } v \textbf{ handle } c : \underline{D}}$$

Type and effect system (part 3)

Scheme judgement $\boxed{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c : (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \,!\, \Sigma}$**, assuming** $\Theta \vdash \Xi, \Gamma, (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A), \Sigma$**:**

$$\frac{\Theta, \vec{\alpha}; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c : A \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta; \Xi; \Gamma \vdash c : (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \,!\, \Sigma}\,(\textsc{gen})$$

Safety

Proof sketch (formalised in Twelf):

Prove progress and preservation by induction. Only interesting case is preservation, in the following step:

$$\dfrac{\dfrac{(\mathsf{op} : A_{\mathsf{op}} \to B_{\mathsf{op}}) \in \Sigma \quad \vdots\ \Theta, \vec{\alpha} \vdash v : A_{\mathsf{op}} \quad \vdots\ \Theta, \vec{\alpha}; y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash c_1 : A \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta, \vec{\alpha} \vdash \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, c_1) : A!\Sigma}}{\Theta \vdash \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, c_1) : (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \,!\, \Sigma} \quad \vdots\ \Theta; x : \forall \vec{\alpha}.A \vdash c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta \vdash \mathbf{let}\ x = \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, c_1)\ \mathbf{in}\ c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma} \rightsquigarrow$$

$$\dfrac{(\mathsf{op} : A_{\mathsf{op}} \to B_{\mathsf{op}}) \in \Sigma \quad \vdots\ \Theta \vdash v : A_{\mathsf{op}} \quad \dfrac{\vdots\ \Theta, \vec{\alpha}; y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash c_1 : A \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta; y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash c_1 : (\forall \vec{\alpha}.A) \,!\, \Sigma} \quad \vdots\ \Theta; x : \forall \vec{\alpha}.A \vdash c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma}{\Theta; y : B_{\mathsf{op}} \vdash \mathbf{let}\ x = c_1\ \mathbf{in}\ c_2 : B \,!\, \Sigma}}{\Theta \vdash \mathsf{op}(v; y.\, \mathbf{let}\ x = c_1\ \mathbf{in}\ c_2) : B \,!\, \Sigma}$$

Images

- `http://cfensi.files.wordpress.com/2014/01/frozen-let-it-go.png`